COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	HEALTH & CARE SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES		
DIVISION	OPTICS & OPTOMETRY		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	5021	SEMESTER 5 th	
COURSE TITLE	BINOCULAR VISION		
independent teaching activities if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectures	3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	Special background		
general			
background, special background,			
specialised general knowledge, skills development			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:			
T NENEGOISTIE COOKSES.			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	Greek		
EXAMINATIONS:			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No		
ERASMUS STUDENTS			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	N/A		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The syllabus addresses to understand the basic concepts of the binocular vision and orthoptics as well as the treatment of non orthophoric problems.

Upon successful completion of the syllabus the student will:

- Be able to understand basic concepts of binocular vision.
- Be comfortable with solving binocular vision problems and oculomotor disorders
- Be familiar know and understand the ways of examining the binocular vision
- Enable the student to understand basic concepts of orthoptics
- Be familiar with solving non orthophoric problems.
- Be able To know the application of orthoptic principles

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma

Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information,

with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Working independently Team work Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment
Showing social, professional and ethical
responsibility and
sensitivity to gender issues
Criticism and self-criticism
Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

..... Others...

(3) SYLLABUS

- 1. Visual exercises for binocular dysfunction
- 2. Orthoptic treatment
- 3. Strabismus surgery
- 4. Orthoptic examination

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face to face.		
Face-to-face, Distance	race to face.		
learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION	Delivery of the syllabus is supported by e-class.		
ANDCOMMUNICATIONS	Delivery of the synabas is supp	orted by C class.	
TECHNOLOGY			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory			
education,			
communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching	Lectures	39 hours	
are described in detail.	Laboratory practice		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Self study	61 hours	
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis			
of bibliography, tutorials, placements,			
clinical practice, art workshop,			
interactive teaching, educational visits,			
project, essay writing, artistic			
creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each	Course total	90 hours	
learning activity are given as well as			
the hours of non- directed study			
according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure	Practical assessment 50%		
Language of evaluation, methods of			
evaluation, summative or conclusive,			
multiple choice questionnaires, short-			
answer questions, open- ended			
questions, problem solving, written			
work, essay/report, oral examination,			
public presentation, laboratory work,			
clinical examination of patient, art			
interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria			
are given, and if and where they are			
accessible to students.			

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- Στραβισμοί και οφθαλμοκινητικές διαταραχές Δαμανάκις Α., Θεοδοσιάδης Γ. Γουδί : Ιατρικές εκδόσεις Λίτσας, 1992.
- Βασικές αρχές στραβισμού Θεοδοσιάδης Γ., Δαμανάκις Α. Αθήνα: Ιατρικές εκδόσεις Λίτσας, 1981 Ξενόγλωσση
- Clinical procedures for ocular examination Nancy B. Carlson Stamford, Conn : Appleton & Lange, 1996
- Visual perception Steven H Schwartz –Norwalk Appleton & Lange, 1994
- Binocular vision and ocular motility theory and management of strabismus/ Gunter K von Noorden –St Louis: Mosby, 1996
- Binocular anomalies diagnosis and vision therapy / John R Griffin, J David Grisham
 Oxford: Butterworth-Heinemann, 1995
- Binocular vision anomalies investigation and treatment/ David Pickwell Oxford : Butterworth- Heinemann, 1994
- Binocular vision and orthoptics investigation and management / J W Bruce Evans, Sandip Doshi Oxford: Butterworth_ Heinemann, 2001
- A systematic approach to strabismus Karlsson, V. C. 2nd ed. Thorofare, NJ: SLACK, 2009.

- Pediatric ophthalmology and strabismus ,Strominger, M B. St. Louis, Mo. ; London : Mosby, 2008.
- Strabismus, Billson, F. A. London: BMJ Books, 2003.
- Clinical management of binocular vision: heterophoric, accommodative, and eye movement disorders Scheiman, Mitchell 4th ed.Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2014.
- Normal binocular vision: theory, investigation and practical aspects Stidwill, David Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell, 2011.

Relevant Journals

- American Association of Paediatric Ophthalmology and Strabismus
- American Orthoptic Journal
- British Journal of Orthoptics
- Optometry and Vision Science
- Perception
- Vision research