COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	HEALTH & CA	RE SCIENCES		
ACADEMIC UNIT	BIOMEDICAL	SCIENCES		
DIVISION	OPTICS AND OPTOMETRY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADI	JATE		
COURSE CODE	4021		SEMESTER 4 th	
COURSE TITLE	EYE DISEASES		·	
independent teachii if credits are awarded for separate collectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of to course, give the weekly teaching h	emponents of t ne credits are a he	he course, e.g. warded for the	WEEKLY TEACHIN GHOURS	CREDITS
		Lectures	3	4
Add rows if necessary. The organisation teaching methods used are described in detail or	ıt (d).			
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	·	sory Specialization	on Courses	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None			
EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	NO			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able:

- to understand basic concepts of ophthalmology.
- be familiar with ocular pathology and medical scientific thought.
- be familiar with eye pathology topics and facts for understanding scientific research methods in objects related to the eye.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma

Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information,

with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management
Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical

responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

.....

Others...

.....

Working independently Team work.

(3) SYLLABUS

- Eyelids, eyelid position abnormalities, irritations and infections, parasites, injuries, signs and symptoms of eyelid pathology, Treatment
- Bulb, Tissues, Cysts, Irritations and Infections, Injuries, Signs and Symptoms of Bulb Disease,
 Treatment
- Tear system, signs and symptoms, Treatment. Tear drainage system, signs and symptoms,
 Treatment.
- Conjunctival irritations and infections, signs and symptoms, Treatment. Abnormalities, neoplasms, Treatment.
- Cornea, irritations and infections, injuries, signs and symptoms, Treatment.
- Keratoconus, malformations, Treatment.
- Iris and pupil, irritations and infections, injuries, stumps, signs and symptoms, malformations, Treatment

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face	-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance		
learning, etc.		
USE OF INFORMATION	Use of Open E-Class in teaching	
ANDCOMMUNICATIONS		
TECHNOLOGY		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory		
education, communication with students		

communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching	Lectures	39	
are described in detail.			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory			
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	bibliography, tutorials	51	
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS		90	

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION I. Written final exam (100%)

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:
- **GREEK**
 - 1. Κλινική Οφθαλμολογία J Kanski Παρισιανού, 2004
 - 2. Οφθαλμολογία M Batterbury, B Bowling, Παρισιανού , 2003
 - 3. Επίτομη Οφθαλμολογία Γ. Θεοδοσιάδης, Λίτσας, 1996
- **Foreian**
 - 4. Ophthalmology Frank W. Newell. St. Louis: Mosby, 1996
 - 5. Ophthalmology Wybar, Kenneth Cullen, Kerr Muir, Philadelphia : Bailli∂re Tindall, 1984
 - 6. The Wills eye manual- office and emergency room diagnosis and treatment of eye disease. – Philadelphia: Lippincott, 1994
 - 7. An atlas of ophthalmic trauma An atlas of ophthalmic trauma / Thomas C. Spoor. St. Louis: Mosby; London: Martin Dunitz, 1997
 - 8. Principles and practice of ophthalmology Daniel M. Albert, Frederick A. Jakobiec. Philadelphia: Saunders, 1994
 - 9. Retina and vitreous Jan L. Federmen ... [et al.]. London ; St. Louis : Mosby-Year Book, 1994

10. General ophthalmology — Daniel Vaughan, Taylor Asbury, Paul Riordan-Eva ; illustrated by Laurel V. Schaubert. — Norwalk, Conn. : Appleton & Lange, 1995